







BRÚJULA MINERA DATA SHEET

MADE BY	Independent syndicated study carried out by the National Consultancy Center S.A, Jaime Arteaga and Associates and Mining World magazine	
SAMPLING	PUBLIC OPINION: 2.400 surveys, multichannel, distributed throughout mining and non mining communities EXECUTIVE MINERS: 266 executives from the mining sector. GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES: 246 government officials within the management and adviser level from: Mining Authorities (ANM, Ministry of Mines, UPME and SGC); Mayor's and Governor's offices; Environmental and Control Authorities (ANLA, CAR, CGR and PGN – Ministry of Environment did not allow their officials) OPINION LEADERS: 161 opinion leaders within journalists, researchers, NGO's, scholars and church	
COLLECTION PERIOD	14th of January to the 20th of April of 2017	
COLLECTION TECHNIQUE	Multichannel according to the informant preference: face to face, by phone and on-line	

WHAT IS THE COST OF SOCIAL CONFLICTS?

• Even though the mining industry employs 1% of the labor force of the world, it is the source of approximately 8% of all of the fatal accidents (Jennings, 1998).

 In Peru the estimation of an accident in the mining industry was made, it costs an average of \$30.000 USD

(Acero Rosales, 2004– Universidad de San Marcos)



Delays caused by social conflicts in the extractive industry can signify around \$20 million USD per week, for projects which total cost ranges between the 3 and 5 Billions USD

("Conflict translates environmental and social risk into business costs" Centre for Social Responsibility in Mining, University of Queensland, 2017)

In 2006, Meridian Gold, owners of the Esquel gold project in Argentina were forced to abandon their reserves for

\$1.33 billions USD after a local referendum and a depreciation of \$379 millions USD of their assets.



In 2003, the owners of the project Tambogrande in Peru, had to abandon the project with reserves valued in \$253 million USD and reported a depreciation of \$59.3 million USD of their assets





In November of 2011, the owners of the project Minas Conga, suspended their construction by request of the Peruvian government because of conflicts with the community

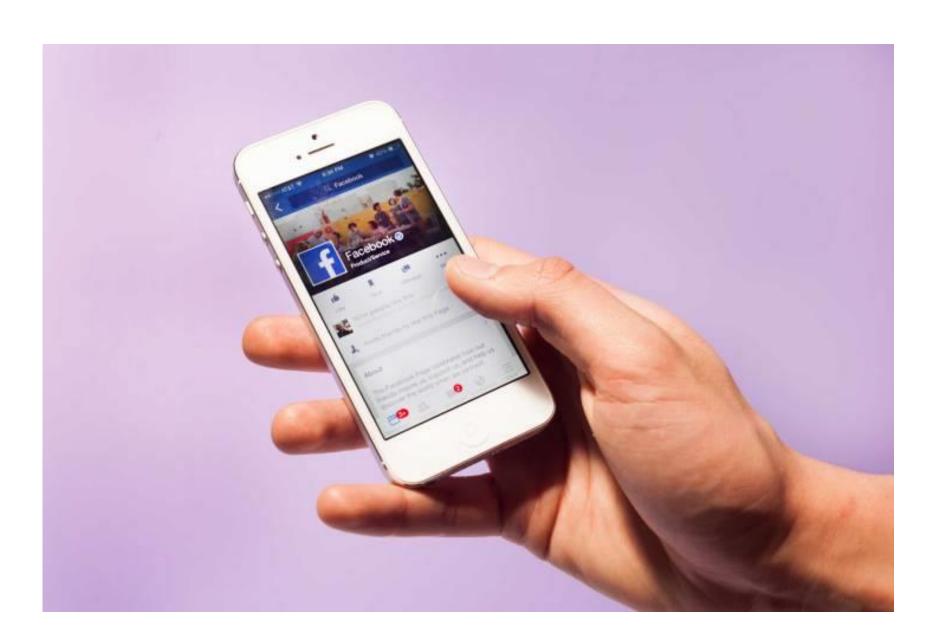
The estimated deposit for the life of the project is within 15 to 20 millions of gold ounces and within 4 and 6 billions of copper ounces. The two associates, Newmont and Company Minas de Buenaventura, had spent around 2 billion USD between 2010 and 2012



In 2014, Anglo American confirmed the necessity to restructure its project Quellaveco, which increased its cost from \$3.3 billion USD to \$5 billion USD due to the conflicts that emerged in the south of Peru.

ARE WE THE ONLY SECTOR WITH PROBLEMS?

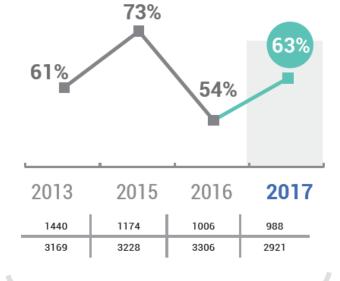
WE ALL HAVE REPUTATION CHALLENGES



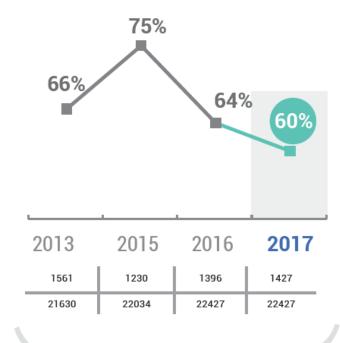
Lets put things in perspective...

Do you consider mining positive for the COUNTRY?





THERE ARE
DIFFERENT
TRENDS
BETWEEN MINING
AND NON- MINING
MUNICIPALITIES





Mining Municipalities



Non- mining municipalities

2016

From the following sectors, which is the one you consider contributes more to the GROWTH OF THE COUNTRY?

Significant difference 2016-2017

Mining		Non-Mining
2017	2016	2017

1. From the following sectors, which one do you consider..

From the following sectors, which is the one you consider contributes more to the GROWTH OF YOUR REGION?



Mining	
2017	2016

Non-Mining		
2017	2016	

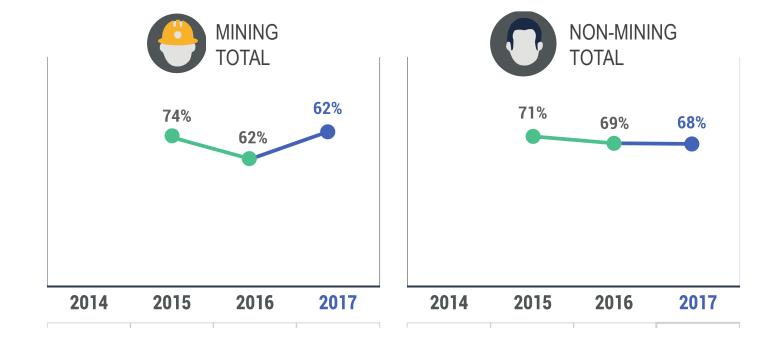
From the following sectors, which is the one you consider GENERATES MORE EMPLOYMENT?

Mining	
2017	2016

Non-Mining		
2017	2016	

How much do you agree that is possible to make an **ENVIRONMENTALY FRIENDLY** mining?

TTB: [5] Totally agree + [4] Agree



Well Now ...

From the following sectors, on which one WOULD YOU LIKE TO WORK IN THE MOST?

Mining		Non-Mining	
2017	2016	2017	2016

2016

From the following sectors, which one do you consider is more important to SUPPORT THE PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESS?

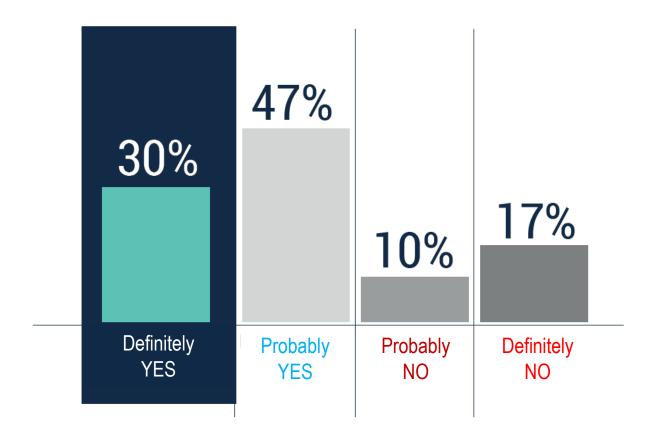
Mining		Non-Mining
2017	2016	2017

From the following sectors, which is the one that MOST AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT?

Mining		Non-Mining	
2017	2016	2017	2016

WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF WE DID A LARGE POPULAR CONSULTATION ASKING IF WE FORBID THE LEGAL PRODUCTION OF MINERALS?

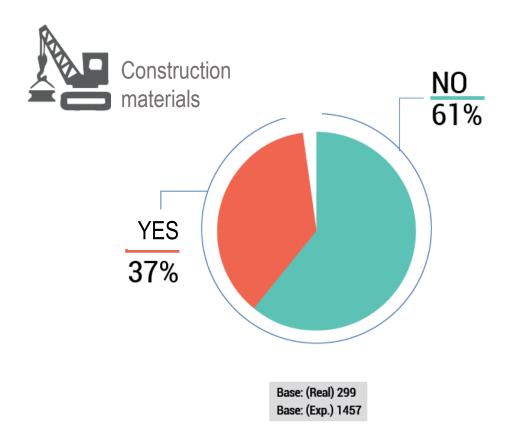
If your Mayor calls for a consultation about mining in your municipality, would you participate?



Base: (Real) 988

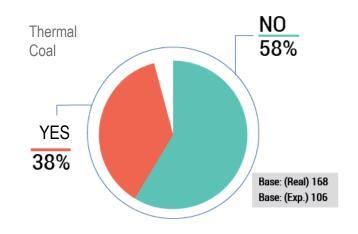
Base: (Exp.) 2921

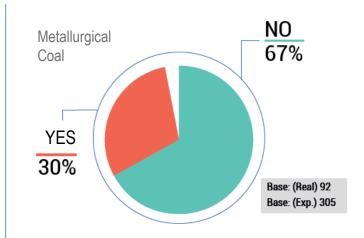
Do you agree that your municipality forbids the LEGAL PRODUCTION OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS?



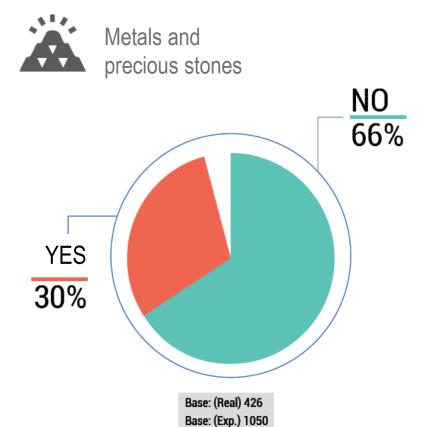
Do you agree that your municipality forbids the

LEGAL PRODUCTION OF COAL?





Do you agree that your municipality forbids the LEGAL PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND PRECIOUS STONES?



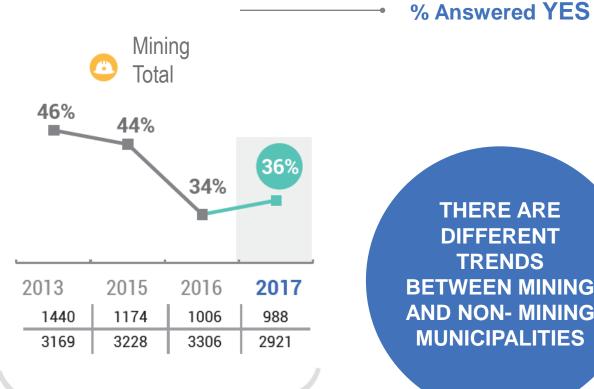


Base Total surveyed	(Real):	2415
Base Total surveyed	(Exp.):	25348

WHY DON'T WE ACHIEVE SUPPORT?

REASON 1 COMPANIES DON'T MAKE YOU FALL IN LOVE

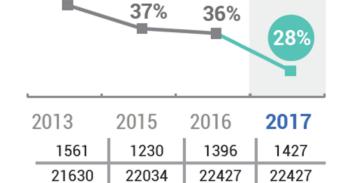
Do you have a positive image about MINNING COMPANIES?



THERE ARE **DIFFERENT TRENDS BETWEEN MINING AND NON- MINING MUNICIPALITIES**



42%





Mining **Municipalities**



Non-Mining Municipalities

Companies profile according to the CITIZENS



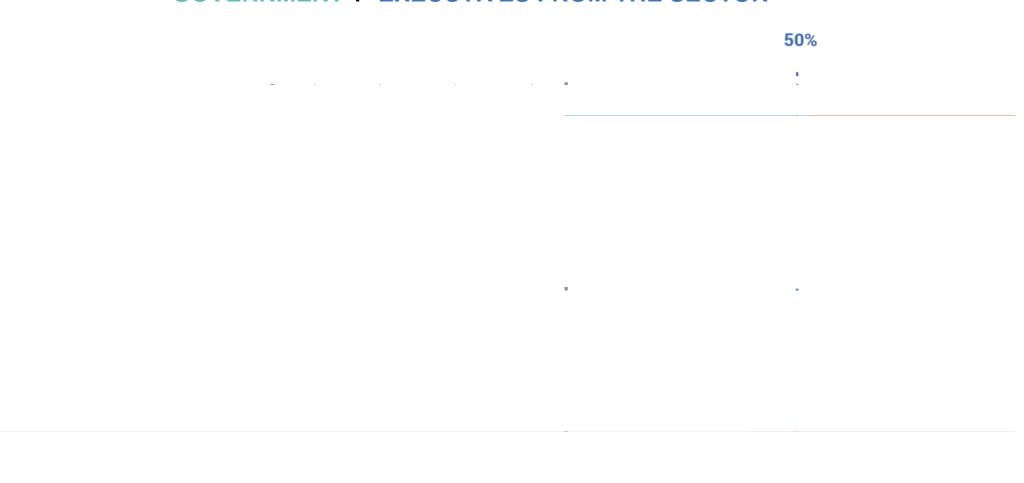


REASON 2 THE STATE HAS FAILED TO GENERATE TRUST

DIRECTIVOS

Thinking about last year, how much has the country advanced in the following areas?

GOVERNMENT + EXECUTIVES FROM THE SECTOR



How much trust do the following institutions, entities and social organizations inspire you?

Diferencia significativa 🙈 😽



2017 2016

2017 2016





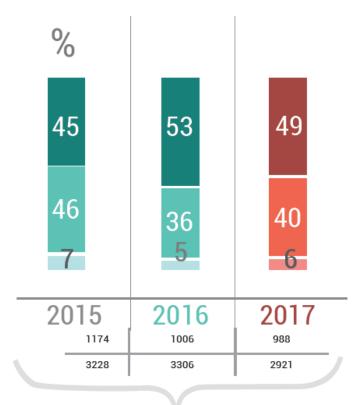
Base: (Real)	988	100
Base: (Exp.)	2921	330

Base: (Real)	1427	1396
Base: (Exp.)	22427	22427

REASON 3 ILLEGALITY KEEPS AFFECTING THE SECTOR

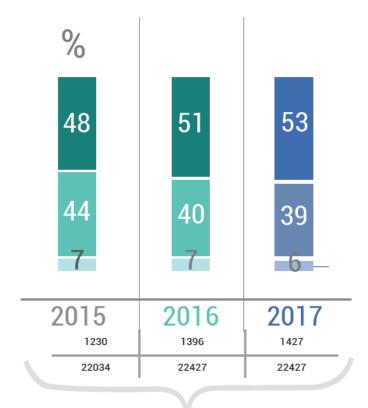
TOLERANCE TOWARDS ILEGALITY

There are people in the region that gain their living through mining without the government's permission, you think this situation is...



llegal and should be punished
llegal but justified
Not ilegal

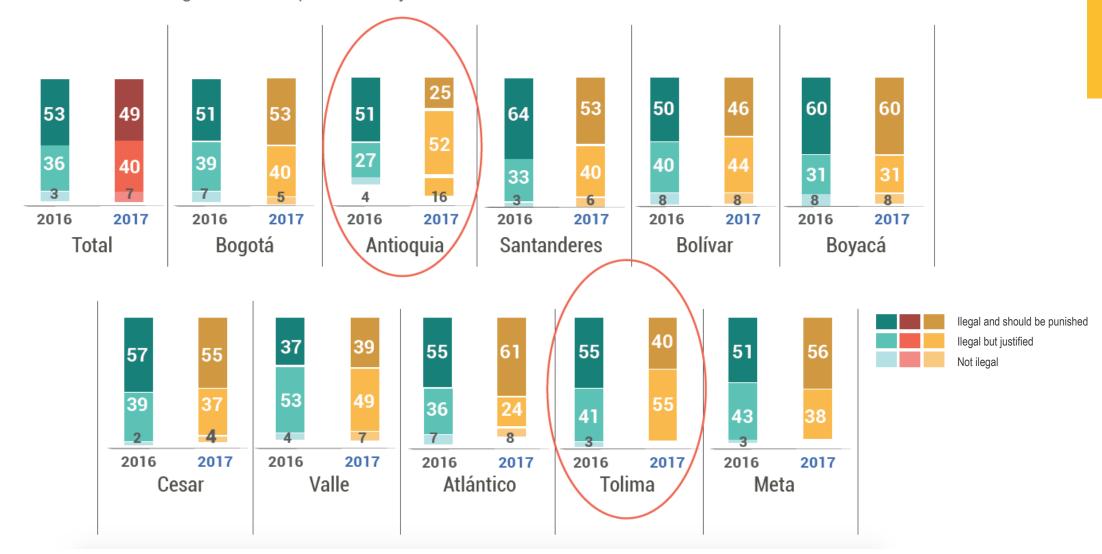




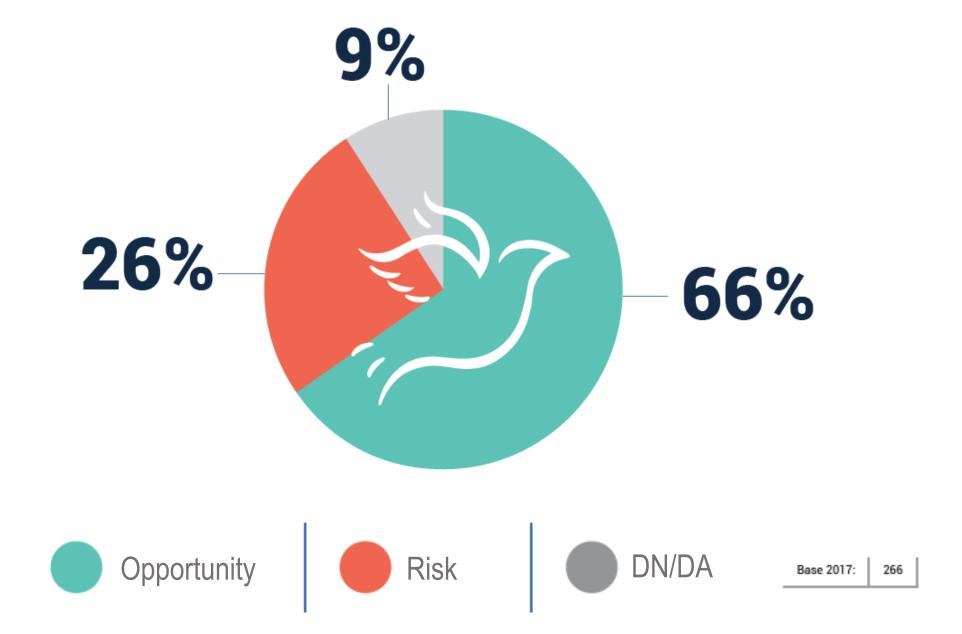


From the following situation, indicate if it seems... (Comparative

There are people in the region that gain their living through mining without the government's permission, you think this situation is...

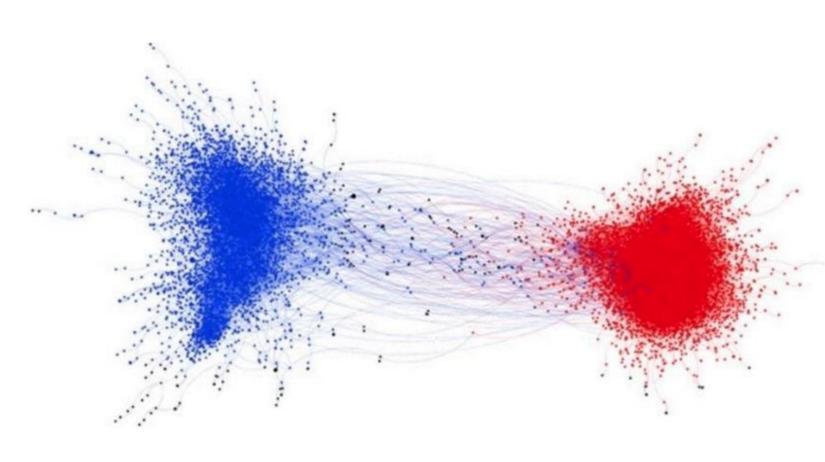


Is the peace agreement with the FARC a risk or an opportunity for mining?



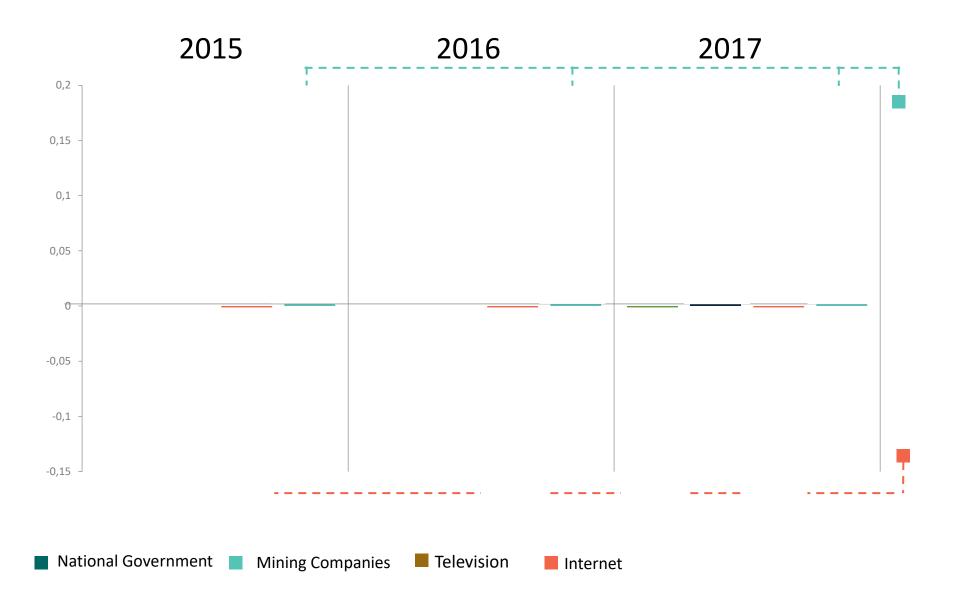
WHICH ARE THE PENDING CONVERSATIONS?

CONVERSATIONS TODAY



Network graph of moral contagion shaded by political ideology. The graph represent a depiction of messages containing moral and emotional language, and their retweet activity accross all political topics (gun control, same-sex marriage, climate change). Nodes represent a user who sent a message, and edges (lines) represent a user retweeting another user. The two large communities were shaded based on the mean ideology of each respective community)blue represents a liberal mean, red represents a conservative mean=.

Probability to have a good image of the sector according to the source from which a person gets information (PUBLIC OPINION)



Where do citizens obtain information about mining?

↑ Significant Difference 2017 - 2016

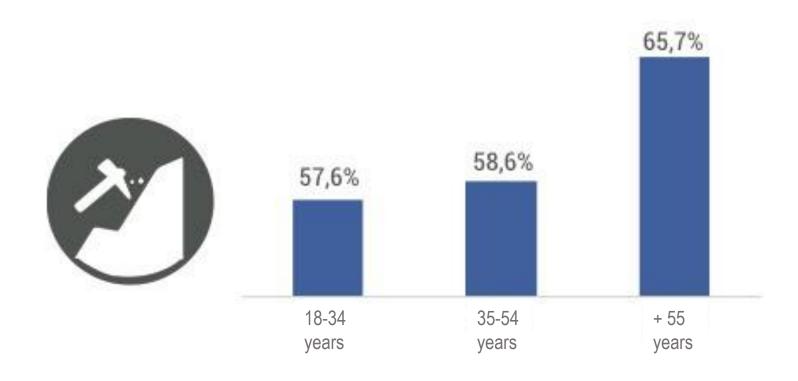
MINING NON- MINING 2017 2016

Propensity to consider mining positive for the country (PÚBLIC OPINION)

Do you consider mining positive for the COUNTRY?

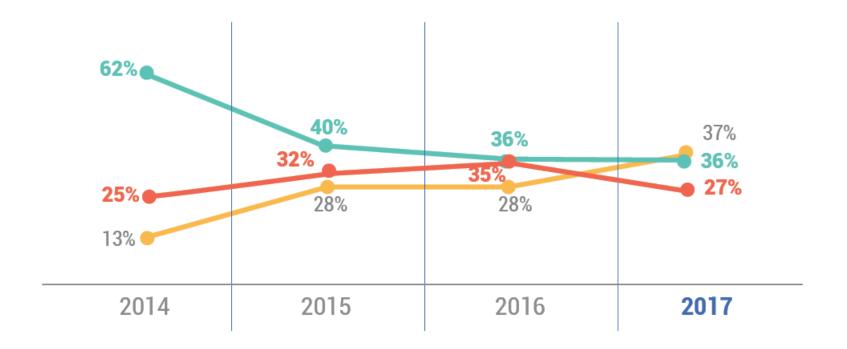
By Age Range

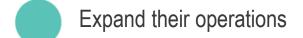


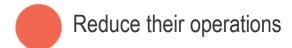


IN THIS CONTEXT, WHAT ARE THE PROJECTIONS FOR THE SECTOR?

Projections for the next five years, keeping the actual conditions









Maintain the same

Why do EXECUTIVES FROM THE SECTOR consider operations will reduce?

	2015	2016	2017
Difficulties to obtain environmental licenses	22%	25%	26%
Lack of legal stability	21%	22%	25%
Lack of government support	25%	22%	21%
Communities reject mining in Colombia	12%	13%	16%
Low Mineral Prices	17%	15%	9%

What are the two main reasons for some executives to believe that in the next five years operations will decrease in Colombia? Please indicate two of the following options

THANK YOU!